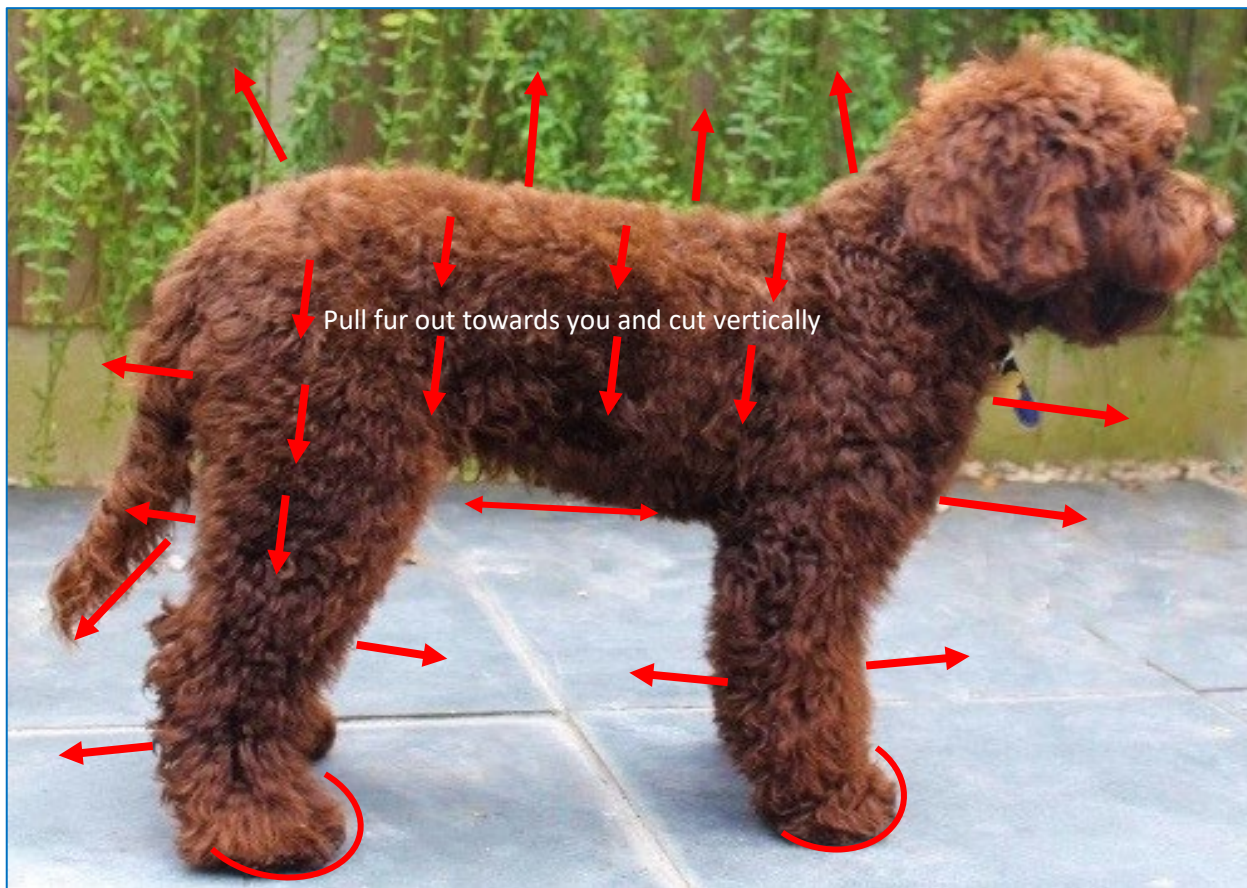
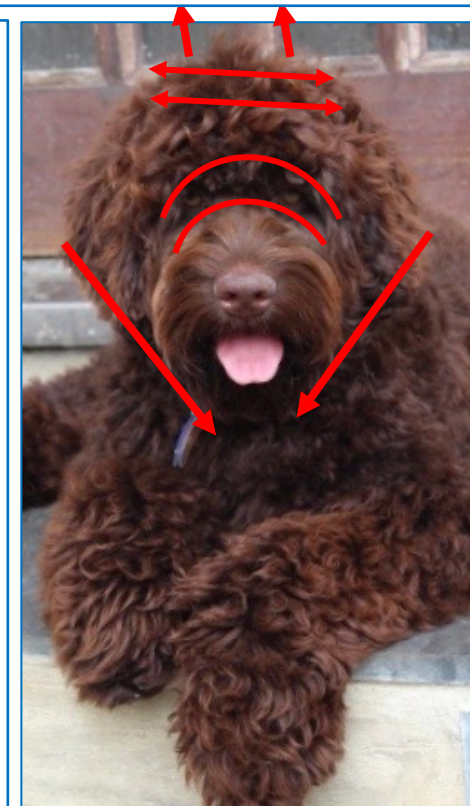


## Churchills Australian Labradoodle's Scissor Cutting Diagram

- Divide the body into sections (Head, Face, Neck, Chest, Spine, Torso sides, Thigh, front legs, Back legs, Bottom, Tail,)
- Always cut the fur in the direction that it falls, for example along the spine pull the fur straight up, Start at the neck follow the spine pull the fur straight up to cut from neck to tail, arching slightly at the bottom following the line of the body.
- The fur on the bottom under the tail should be pulled straight back as per the arrow in the pic, you can carefully cut shorter around the anus.
- The side fur should be pulled outwards towards you, Start at the shoulder cutting with your scissors point down. Work your way backward strip by strip in the direction the fur falls.



- To cut the ears **YOU MUST MAKE SURE YOU KNOW WHERE THE EDGE OF THE EAR IS.** ( the flesh of the ear is very thin and easy to cut) Use your fingers to follow the edge of the ear as you cut.
- The ears should be no longer than the jaw the ear should be round
- The beard under the jaw can be trimmed free hand
- Start at the rear of the head holding the fur straight up Like the arrows, work your way forward stop before you get to the fringe the fur on the head should be long enough to naturally part,
- Comb the fringe forward slightly Free cut the fringe in an arch start on either side of the head and cut a smooth arch finishing on the opposite side.
- Cut around the eyes/ top of the nose in an arch .brush the fur between the eyes up to cut it .USE ROUND TIPPED SCISSOR KEEP THE END OF THE SCISSOR AWAY FROM THE EYES



- A trick to cut the legs.. Pick the front leg up and forward the fur will hang, cut from the top of the leg to the rear of the foot **BE CAREFUL OF THE BACK PAD.**
- To cut the side of the legs, Pull the fur on the side of the legs straight out to the side holding the scissors pointing down, cut from the top of the leg stopping just above the foot.
- The front of the legs and the chest fur is pulled straight out in front and cut with the scissors pointing down.
- Cut the feet whilst your dog is standing. Find the front claw...that's your starting point, you don't want to see the claw, cut a nice round shape creating a bear type paw.
- The tummy on a traditional Australian labradoodle should be cut straight across and should not go up narrowing at the rear. Although many of you will choose a shorter cut. This area can be free cut **PLEASE BE AWARE WHERE YOUR DOGS TEATS AND PRIVATES ARE**
- To cut around your dogs privates lay them on their back. If your dog wont do that you can lift their legs to gain access or ask someone to hold them up. **Please take great caution**
- To cut the tail simply hold it up and out and free cut the ends. (Its always better to cut a little and re cut)
- A hair drier is a great tool to use as it fluffs the fur removing scissor lines and blows out any bits that you have missed. **Churchills Australian Labradoodles cannot be held liable for any injury sustained to you your pets and or any other person**